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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/187,385 | 11/06/1998 | SVETOMIR N. MARKOVIC | 07039/119001 | 2986 |

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EXAMINER

HOLLERAN, ANNE L

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1642

DATE MAILED: 07/01/2003

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/187,385

Applicant(s)

MARKOVIC, SVETOMIR N.

Examiner

Anne Holleran

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 February 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 8-12, 18, 21, 22, 26, 27 and 30-38 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 8-12, 18, 21, 22, 26, 27, and 30-38 is/are rejected.

- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____
- 4) ☒ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 20
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other:

DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed February 28, 2003 is acknowledged. The finality of the last Office action is withdrawn in view of reconsideration of art of record.

2. Claims 26 and 27 were amended.

Claims 8-12, 18, 21, 22, 26, 27 and 30-38 are pending and examined on the merits.

Claim Rejections Withdrawn:

3. The rejection of claims 8-12, 18, 21, 22, 26, 27, 30-38 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention is withdrawn upon in view of applicant's persuasive arguments.

New Grounds of Rejection:

3. Claims 26, 8-12, 18, 21, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tovey et al (U.S. Patent 5,997,858; issued Dec. 7, 1999; filed May 9, 1997) in view of Brittenden et al (Brittenden, J. et al. Cancer, 77(7): 1226-1243, 1996, April).

Claim 26 is drawn to a method for stimulating the immune system of a human patient having a non-resectable malignant tumor, comprising administering alpha-interferon to said patient and treating said patient with non-surgical medical methodologies to diminish said tumor, wherein the dosage of alpha-interferon is about 250,000 U/m² to about 500,000 U/m² per day.

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Claim 8 limits claim 26 to a dosage that is administered once per day. Claims 9 and 11 recite that the dosage increases NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity at least 50 percent or 75 percent above NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity measured prior to administering alpha-interferon. Claims 10 and 12 recite that the NK lymphocyte toxicity is measured at effector to target cell ratios of 15:1 to 50:1. Claims 18, 21 and 22 limit the claimed methods to treatment of various cancers such as breast cancer, lung cancer, pancreatic cancer, brain cancer, prostate cancer, ovarian cancer, uterine cancer, renal cancer, and melanoma.

Tovey teaches methods of administering, oromucosally, alpha-interferon in comparable dosage ranges, 5000 U to about 20×10^6 U, with a preferable range of 1×10^4 U to about 1×10^6 U. Tovey teaches dosage ranges for alpha interferon in a 70 kg man (column 2, lines 25-38) and that the alpha interferon may be administered once per day (see claim 2). Tovey teaches treating renal cell carcinoma, malignant melanoma, lung cancer, and brain tumors (column 2, lines 4-16). Tovey teaches a method where the interferon is administered in combination with chemotherapy or radiation therapy (column 2, lines 54-57). In addition, Tovey teaches that the mechanism for the beneficial effects of alpha-interferon may be due to stimulation of lymphoid tissue surrounding the nasopharyngeal and oral cavities. Thus, it appears that Tovey teaches immunostimulatory dosages.

Tovey uses different units to describe the dosages of alpha interferon. However, a comparison is readily made. Assuming an average 70kg man has about 1.86 m^2 surface area, the dosages recited in the claims are about 475,000 U/man to about 950,000 U/man. Thus, the narrowest range of Tovey encompasses the claimed range of dosages, where the highest dosages

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are almost the same. Thus, it appears that claimed methods recite a dosage range that is an optimization of the prior art range.

Tovey fails to teach a method comprising determining natural killer cell cytotoxicity to provide a natural kil lymphocyte cytotoxicity. However, Brittendon teaches that alpha interferon enhances NK cell activity, and that NK cell activity plays an important role in natural cytotoxicity of cancer cells. Thus, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have added steps where natural kill lymphocyte cytotoxicity was measured before and after treatment to assess the patients ability to fight cancer.

Because Tovey teaches methods using dosages that are within the range of those recited in the instant claims, Tovey inherently teaches the methods of claims 9-12. Additionally, the ability of alpha-interferon to increase NK-lymphocyte activity is an inherent effect of the administration of alpha-interferon, as evidence by the teachings of Brittenden. Brittenden teaches alpha-interferon enhances NK cell activity and has been successfully used in the treatment of renal carcinoma as part of a therapeutic regimen comprising the administration of interleukin-2 (see page 1234, 2nd column).

6. Claims 27 and 30-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Markovic et al[a] (Markovic, S.N. et al, Int. J. Cancer, 45: 788-794, 1990; IDS ref. "CH") in view of Tovey et al (U.S. Patent 5,997,858; issued Dec. 7, 1999; filed May 9, 1997).

Claim 27 is drawn to a method for stimulating the immune system of a patient having a respectable tumor, comprising administering alpha-interferon to increasing the natural killer

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lymphocyte cytotoxicity by at least 50 percent above baseline; and surgically resecting the tumor. Dependent claims 30-38 add limitations to the schedule of interferon administration and to the measurement of NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity. Claim 35 limits the cancer to various cancers. Claim 33 limits the increase in NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity to at least 75 percent above baseline. Claims 32 and 34 recite effector to target cell ratios of NK lymphocytes.

Markovic teaches that alpha-interferon acts to increase NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity and that this is a desired effect in the surgical treatment of cancer because of the presence of disseminated tumor foci following surgical excision of the primary tumor. Markovic also teaches a method for the surgical removal of a tumor in mice, where the mice were treated prior to surgery with alpha interferon. Markovic fails to teach the method in humans and fails to teach the dosages necessary to increase NK lymphocyte cytotoxicity by at least 50 percent or 75 percent. However, Tovey teaches dosages in humans that stimulate the immune system, and Tovey's dosage ranges encompass the claimed dosage range. (Tovey uses different units to describe the dosages of alpha interferon. However, a comparison is readily made. Assuming an average 70kg man has about 1.86 m² surface area, the dosages recited in the claims are about 475,000 U/man to about 950,000 U/man. Thus, the narrowest range of Tovey encompasses the claimed range of dosages, where the highest dosages are almost the same.) Thus, it appears that claimed methods recite a dosage range that is an optimization of the prior art range.

Thus, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the teachings of Markovic to make a method for treating humans by combining the teachings of Markovic with the teachings of Tovey, because Markovic teaches that stimulation of the immune system is desirable after surgical removal of tumor.

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Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Office should be directed to Anne Holleran, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-8892. Examiner Holleran can normally be reached Monday through Friday, 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Caputa, Ph.D. can be reached at (703) 308-3995.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist at telephone number (703) 308-0196.

Anne L. Holleran
Patent Examiner
June 29, 2003



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